

## The European Medicines Agency (EMA) has pulled all contracts with the UK's medical regulation body ahead of the UK withdrawing from the EU next year.

Until 2018, the <u>EMA</u> has relied on the UK Medicines & Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) to assess 20–30% of its drugs on a contract basis, work worth approximately €15.6M per year to the organization.

This year the <u>MHRA</u> won only two such contracts from the European regulatory body, which is now not allocating any further work to them, as it says experts need to be available for at least a year for drug evaluation purposes.

The revelation comes after the EMA's August announcement that it would be <u>scaling back its</u> <u>activities from October onwards</u> in preparation for Brexit and its move to Amsterdam next year.

It's unclear what the full impact of the loss of funding will be for the MHRA, but it is not good news in the current economic climate.

Martin MacLean, Life Sciences Partner at London IP firm Mathys & Squire, told me: "Simply to maintain current activities will require a new source of funding. Current fiscal pressures mean it can't be taken for granted the UK government will fill this gap short term, and this is even less likely longer term."

In terms of the long-term impact on British biotech firms, MacLean believes: "Some divergence from the current EMA landscape might provide some opportunities to benefit UK companies." But, "our current wealth of regulatory expertise will likely be forced to find new roles, else retrain or migrate," he adds.

A spokesperson for the Association of the British Pharmaceutical Industry said: "The longterm impact of the loss of the EMA will depend on the nature of our future relationship with the EU on the regulation of medicines. We want to see the UK play as full a role as possible as part of a future relationship which includes cooperation on regulating medicines and protecting public health."

The loss of European funding to the MHRA is yet more bad news for the UK life sciences community in what seems to be a never-ending Brexit saga. In addition to the EMA headquarters moving to Amsterdam, UK businesses will lose European Investment Fund money, and research funding from Europe to the UK is being cut, among other issues.

## The online version appears here